

# Objective Agility

*What does it take to be an Agile company?*



*Final version*

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# Allan Kelly

- Training & Coaching for Agile adoption and deepening
- Author:
  - *Changing Software Development: Learning to be Agile*, Wiley 2008.



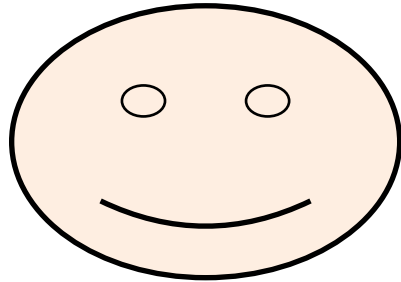
IT Workers are the prototype of  
tomorrows Knowledge Workers

*97 Things Every Programmer Should Know*, Henney, 2010

*Context Encapsulation in Pattern Languages of Program Design* volume 5, 2006

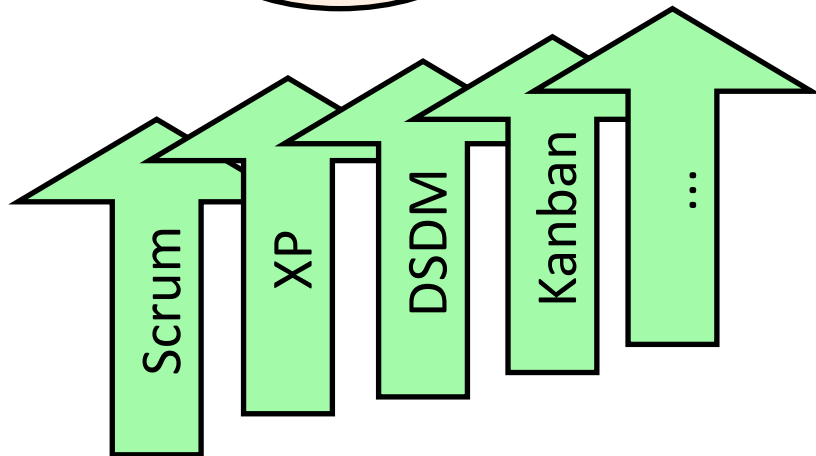


# Agile, Agile methods & Agile toolkit



The State of *Agile*  
(our objective)

- Quick on our feet
- Deliver quickly
- Respond to change rapidly
- Seize opportunities



Agile Methods

Promise to create the state of Agile



The Agile  
Toolkit

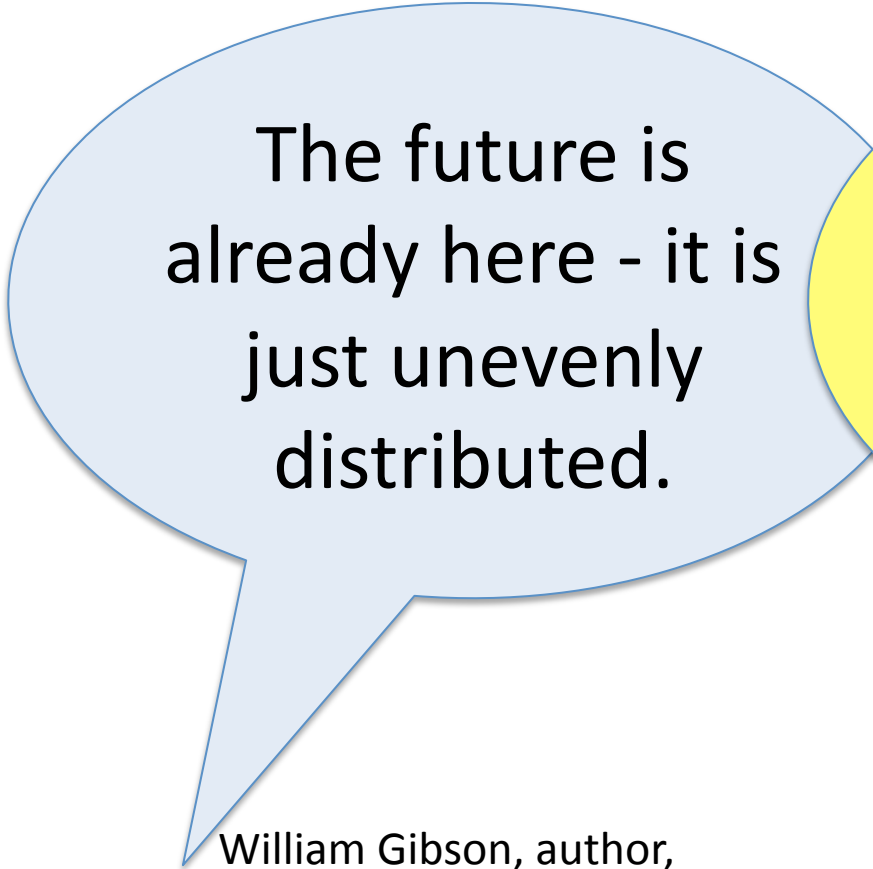
- Test Driven Development, Refactoring
- Iterations, Time boxing
- User Stories, Feature injection
- Retrospectives, ....

# Where do you find Agility?



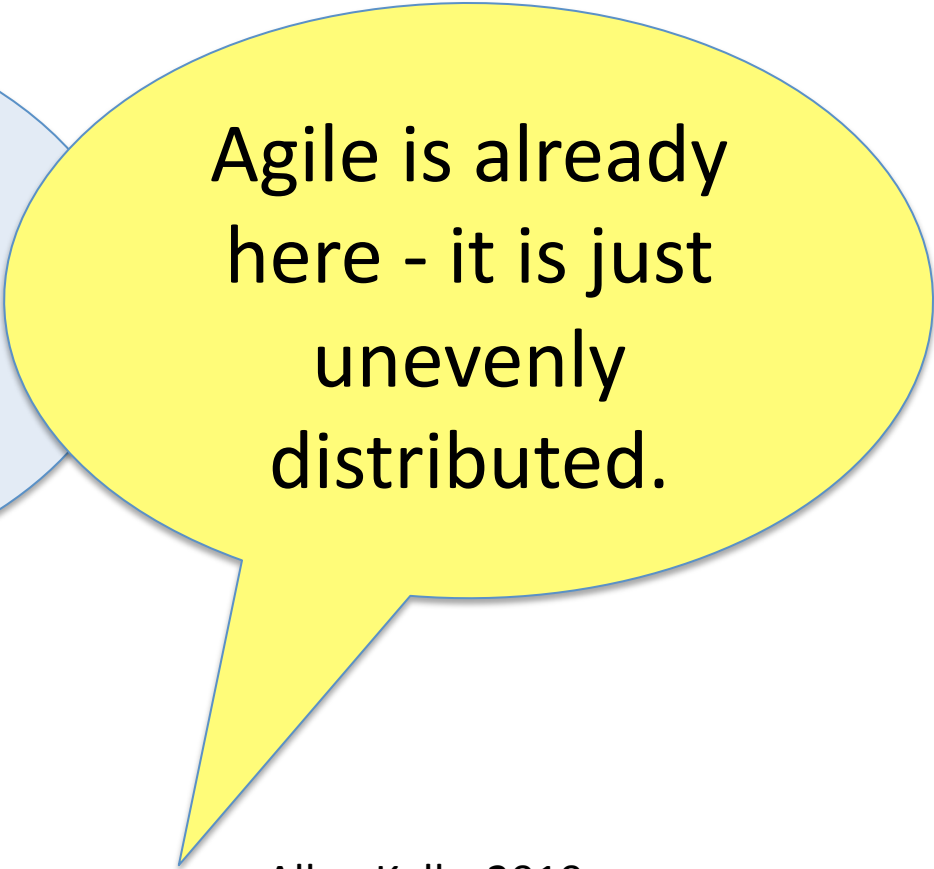
- Sprinkling Agile dust does not make everything right
- Agile paints a picture of sweetness and light
  - An aspiration
- Agile is a reverse engineered term
  - A term used to describe where we want to be

# Where is Agile?



The future is  
already here - it is  
just unevenly  
distributed.

William Gibson, author,  
NPR interview 1999



Agile is already  
here - it is just  
unevenly  
distributed.

Allan Kelly, 2010

Agile is  
already here  
- it is just  
unevenly  
distributed.

# (Waitrose)

- Many companies exhibit some Agile characteristics
  - Easier for small companies to be Agile
- Large companies
  - Agile in some ways
  - Maybe not in others



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# Defining Agile

Agile is what both the latest business strategy and software development methodology aspire to be.

Financial Times, 20 November, 2007, "Agility: Flexibility takes over from planning"

Professor Donald Sull of the London Business School ... defines [Agility] as a company's ability consistently to identify and seize opportunities more quickly and effectively than rivals.

**Repeatedly demonstrate agility - not a one off**

# Why do you want to be Agile?



- Fashion?
  - Everyone else is doing it?
- Reduce costs?
- Improve ROI?
  - Meaning?
- Avoid IT failure?
- Today:
  - Agile means better
  - Better IT delivery
- Tomorrow
  - Agile creates new opportunities
  - Competitive advantage



# Strategy, Portfolio & Operational

<b>Strategic Agility</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Patience: wait for right opportunity</li><li>• Boldness: to act</li><li>• Small probes: small acquisitions, alliances, minority stakes</li></ul>
<b>Portfolio Agility</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Cultivate new opportunities; cull failing ones</li><li>• Tools to evaluate projects; make difficult decisions</li><li>• Develop internal staff and managers</li></ul>
<b>Operational Agility</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Exploit opportunities, cut-costs faster than competitors</li><li>• Spot opportunities: systems to gather and share information</li><li>• Act on information: processes to make decisions</li></ul>



Donald Sull, McKinsey Quarterly, December 2009, [https://www.mckinseyquarterly.com/Strategy/Strategic\\_Thinking/Competing\\_through\\_organizational\\_agility\\_2488](https://www.mckinseyquarterly.com/Strategy/Strategic_Thinking/Competing_through_organizational_agility_2488)

# Today - Operational Agility

## Operational Agility

- Exploit opportunities, cut-costs faster than competitors
- Spot opportunities: systems to gather and share information
- Act on information: processes to make decisions

### Where we are today

- IT centric
- Scrum for Project Management
- XP for Engineering
- Lean for Improvement

### Tension with non-Agile

- Portfolio
  - Strategy
- “Are we there yet?”

# Portfolio Agility

## Portfolio Agility

- Cultivate new opportunities; cull failing ones
- Tools to evaluate projects; make difficult decisions
- Develop internal staff and managers

- End annual planning cycle
- Iterative Portfolio review
  - Regular schedule – monthly, quarterly
- Projects & Teams demonstrate:
  - Value added v. Cost
- Align with
  - Strategy, Risk profile, Resourcing



RIP: 14 September 2008

# Remember: Agile is Empirical

- Can't know
  - How long it will take until you start doing
  - How many people you need until you start doing
- Teams have responsibility
  - Give them the tools, give them the problem



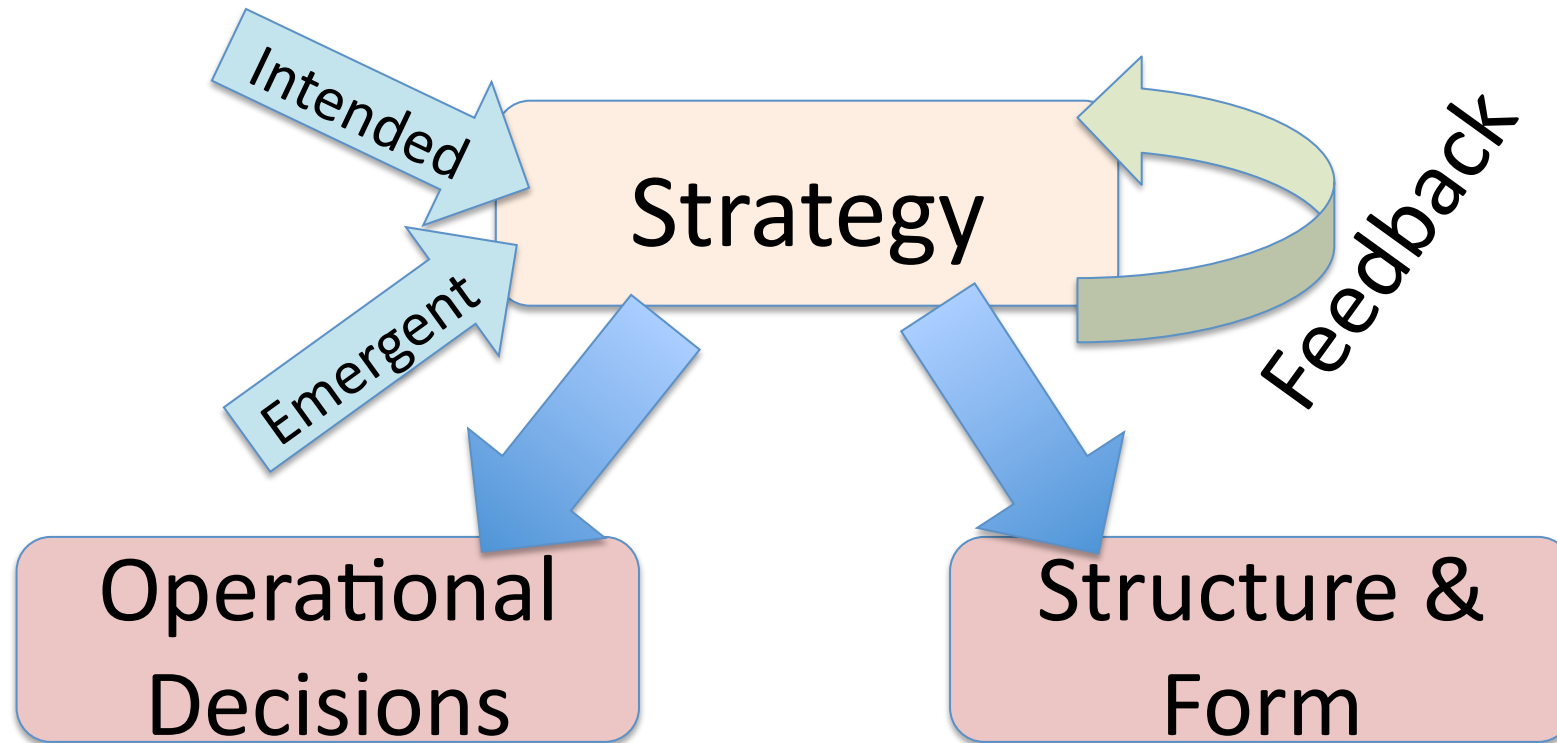
Deming / Shewhart cycle  
PDCA: *Plan, Do, Check, Adjust*

# Simple Portfolio recipe

- 10<sup>th</sup> of each month
  - Management by rhythm
- Each team 15 minutes
  - Benefits delivered this month
  - Cost this month
  - What's next?
  - Alignment to strategy (*why do this?*)
  - Requests, impediments, new opportunities
- Action: *Status Quo, Grow, Shrink, Close*



# Agile Strategy



Strategy realized in Operational Decisions and the Structure/Form of organization

# Strategy: Operational Decisions

- Thousands of small decisions make difference
  - Between Agile or not
  - Between strategy alignment or not
- Know the decisions you can delay
  - And those you cannot
  - Avoid early commitment
  - Recognize value in options



# Strategy: Operational Decisions

- Fail fast, fail cheap
  - Experimentation over planning
  - Modern tools (+ Agile methods) = cheap to try
  - Only way to know is to try
- Know thy customer
  - Who are they?
  - What problems to they have?
  - What problem do you solve?





# Strategy: Structure & Form

- Resource strategically
  - Keep teams together
  - Start small, grow slowly
  - Shrink to close
- Vertical teams with responsibility
  - End-to-end delivery
- Balance Managers to workers
  - Avoid too many Chiefs and too few Indians



# Strategy: Structure & Form

- Limit Work In Progress
  - End salami slicing people between projects
  - More WIP, Less delivered
  - WIP makes it hard to see issues
  - Task switching is expensive
- Focus on outputs
  - Not inputs
  - Value add over cost



# Strategy: Structure & Form

- Succession planning for Knowledge
  - Grow your own experts
  - Outsourcing can hollow out knowledge
- Short planning horizons with feedback
  - Railway timetable Portfolio reviews
  - Plan early, plan often, include feedback



# Conway's Law



Mel Conway, 1968,  
*How do committees  
invent?*

organizations which design systems (in the broad sense ...) are constrained to produce designs which are copies of the communication structures of these organizations

- The right corporate architecture will produce good system architecture
- Agile will be most effective when Strategy, Portfolio & Operations are all Agile

Thank you!

*Questions?*

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# Business Analysis

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